Required Minimum Data Security Controls for Collection of Personally-identified Data

Triggered by a “yes” response to item 11.1 in the eResearch application

Minimum data security controls are intended to establish and maintain a low risk threshold. Failure to implement the data security “best practices” could result in increased risk to subjects. As part of the application, the PI must demonstrate that all of the core data security control elements have been met. The core controls are:

1. All data collection and storage devices must be password protected with a strong password. A strong password is at least 8 characters long, uses at least 3 out of 4 character groups: UPPERCASE, lowercase, numeric and special characters and does not contain an easily-guessable string.
2. All data/research files must be encrypted.
3. Identifiers, data, and keys should be placed in separate, password protected/encrypted files and each file should be stored in a different secure location.
4. For secure data transmission, Transport Layer Security (TLS) (a.k.a. SSL), and a minimum key length of 128 bits must be used for any data that is transmitted electronically.
5. Identifiers should not be stored on laptops, PDAs, flash drives or other portable devices. If it is necessary to use portable devices for initial collection of identifiers, the data files should be encrypted and the identifiers moved to a secure system as soon as possible. Additionally, the portable device should be locked up in a secure location when it is not in use. The PI should consult with their departmental IT Security Liaison to discuss how to correctly configure desktop computers, laptops, and other external devices for safe use in the collection and storage of research data.
6. If using email for communication or to collect data from subjects, include a statement to the subjects that email is not secure. If email will be used to transmit research data, subjects should be cautioned to respond only from email addresses to which only they have access.
7. No protected health information should be transmitted via email, except within the U-M Health System and Medical School.
8. If utilizing any cloud-computing services, the PI must follow the UM guidelines found at http://www.safecomputing.umich.edu/cloud/ and at http://www.safecomputing.umich.edu/google/

Additional Required Data Security Controls – if data are of a higher sensitivity (see Table 1, page 3)

1. All data should be downloaded from local devices to a secure UM server as soon as possible.
2. Passwords should be built in at multiple levels on each local machine that is used for the collection and storage of research data (e.g. at BIOS and at login).
3. The PI should delete or destroy identifiable information as soon as possible.
Describing the Processes in the eResearch Application

The PI must clearly describe how the data are to be managed, stored, and secured. The following questions should be addressed within the appropriate eResearch application sections: Section 05 Stand Alone Protocol or Section 05-1.5 Research Methodology; and Sections 11 Confidentiality, 11-1 Identifiable Data, 11-4 Retention of Data and/or Specimens Detail, and Section 25 Protected Health Information/HIPAA, as required by the research plan:

1. **What is the nature of the data?**
   a. Electronic (audio or text), hardcopy files, or biological specimens?
   b. Do the data contain protected health information, personal identifying information or other sensitive information?*
   c. Are identifiers retained and linked to the data? Who will have access to the data and identifiers?
   d. Are the data stripped of identifiers and the identifiers destroyed (anonymized data)?
   e. Are identifiers de-linked from the data and managed by use of a code? How are the identifiers, data files and key managed and secured? Who will have access to the identifiers, data files and key?

2. **Where and how will the data be stored and what security measures will be used for each?**
   b. What security measures will be used with each (password protected; encryption; locked file cabinet in locked office, 128 bit encryption, etc.)?
   c. Who will have access to the computer/laptop/or files?

3. **How will data be transmitted or transported?**
   a. How will electronic files be transmitted?
   b. How will hardcopy files be transported?
   c. How are the files and data protected while in transmission or when transported?

4. **When and how will data be deleted or destroyed?**

5. **Will cloud-computing resources be used?** (refer to UM policies at [http://www.safecomputing.umich.edu/cloud/](http://www.safecomputing.umich.edu/cloud/) and at [http://www.safecomputing.umich.edu/google/](http://www.safecomputing.umich.edu/google/))
   a. What is the resource and what is the privacy policy for the resource?

6. **Will online data collection services be used?**
   a. What is the service/host? How is the survey accessed?
   b. How are data moved from the online host to the local storage device (computer, laptop, server, thumb drive, etc.)?
   c. Will the data be purged from the online host once downloaded to the local device?

7. **Will any datasets be used?**
   a. Is there a Memo of Understanding (MOU) or Data Use Agreement (DUA) associated with the use of these data? Does your security plan include all requirements contained in the MOU/DUA?

*There are two major categories of sensitive information associated with human biological specimens/data: Protected Health Information (PHI) and Personal Identifying Information (PII). Each of these categories has identifiers in common. The categories are described in Table 1, Page 3.
Table 1: Protected Health Information, Personal Identifying Information and Sensitive Information

Protected Health Information (PHI):
An individual’s personal and health information that is created, received, or maintained by a health care provider or health plan and includes at least one of the 18 personal identifiers listed below in association with the health information:
- Name
- Street address
- All elements of dates except year
- Telephone number
- Fax number
- Email address
- URL address
- IP address
- Social security number
- Account numbers
- License numbers
- Medical record number
- Health plan beneficiary #
- Device identifiers and their serial numbers
- Vehicle identifiers and serial number
- Biometric identifiers (finger and voice prints)
- Full face photos and other comparable images
- Any other unique identifying number, code, or characteristic

Private Personal Information (PPI):
Information about an individual which includes any of the identifiers below:
- Name
- Street address
- All elements of dates except year
- Telephone number
- Fax number
- Email address
- URL address
- IP address
- Social security number
- Account number, credit or debit card number, in combination with any required security code, access code or password that would permit access to an individual’s financial account
- Driver’s License numbers or other identification card number
- Device identifiers and their serial numbers
- Vehicle identifiers and serial number
- Biometric identifiers (finger and voice prints)
- Full face photos and other comparable images
- Any other unique identifying number, code, or characteristic (e.g., student identification number)

Limited Data Set - a limited data set can include the following identifiers: a unique number code, or characteristic that does not include any of the above listed identifiers, Geographic data (without street address), and/or dates.

Other Sensitive Information
An individual’s first name (or first initial) and last name in combination with any of the following:
- Social Security Number
- Driver’s License Number or California ID card number
- Financial account information such as a credit card number
- Medical Information

Note: Identifiers in combination with data about illegal behaviors, physical/mental health information, or other information that poses a risk to subject reputation, insurability, employability, or legal status will heighten the level of sensitivity and require additional corresponding security measures.

*a Borrowed from Guidance and Procedure: Data Security in Research, UCLA Office of the Human Research Protection Program (OHRPP), February 24, 2011*